

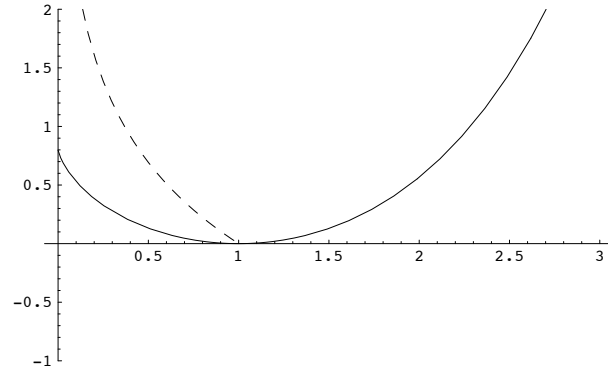
RISPOSTE AGLI ESERCIZI

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1.  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{2^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!(2n+1)}$

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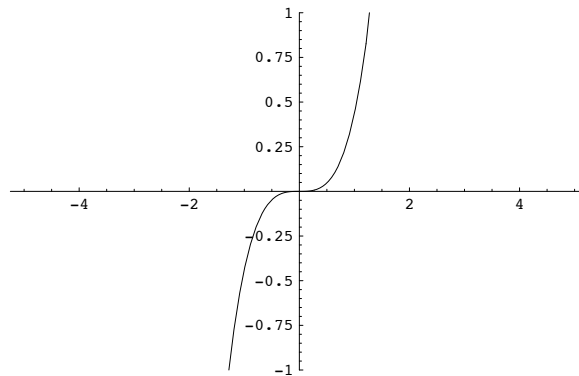
2.



La funzione tratteggiata in figura è  $-\log x$ .

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3. (i)



(ii)

$$y(x) = \begin{cases} 2e^x - (x^2 + 2x + 2), & \text{se } x \geq 0, \\ -2e^{-x} + x^2 - 2x + 2, & \text{se } x < 0. \end{cases}$$


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4.  $-\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!n}$

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5.  $y(x) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{25\sqrt{x^2-1}} \left(1 + \sqrt[4]{27}(x^2-1)^{5/4}\right)^2 \quad x \in (1, +\infty)$

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6.  $y(x) = a_1 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(1-\alpha)(3-\alpha)\dots(2n-1-\alpha)}{(2n+1)!} x^{2n+1}$

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7.  $-\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2^{n+1}(n+1)^2}$

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8.  $y(x) = \frac{2}{25\sqrt{1-x^2}} \left(3^{9/4} - 2\sqrt{2}(1-x^2)^{5/4}\right)^2 \quad x \in (-1, 1)$

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$$9. y(x) = \frac{1}{Ce^{4x} - \frac{1}{4}e^{4x} - \frac{1}{4}} \quad C \leq 0 \quad \text{o} \quad C \geq \frac{1}{4}$$


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$$10. y(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}} \left( (x^2 - 1)^{5/4} - 2^{7/4} 3 \right)^2 \quad x \in (-\infty, -1)$$


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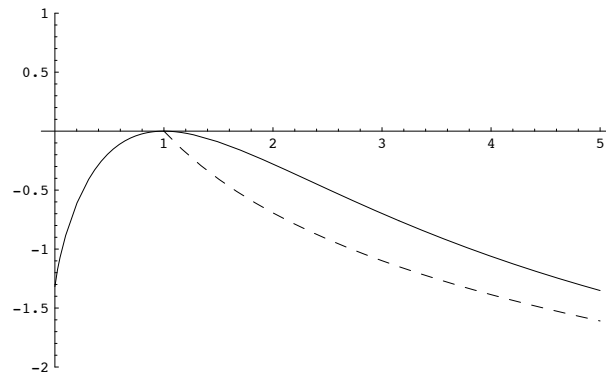
$$11. y(x) = \frac{1}{Ce^{5x} - \frac{1}{5}e^{5x} - \frac{1}{5}} \quad C \leq 0 \quad \text{o} \quad C \geq \frac{1}{5}$$


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$$12. y(x) = a_0 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-\alpha)(3 \cdot 2 - \alpha) \dots (3 \cdot (2n - 2) - \alpha)}{(2n)!} x^{2n}$$


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13.



La funzione tratteggiata in figura è  $-\log x$ .

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$$14. \min_{(x,y,z) \in C} f(x,y,z) = -\frac{13}{4}, \quad \max_{(x,y,z) \in C} f(x,y,z) = 2 + 3\sqrt{3}$$


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$$15. (0, 0, 0) \text{ punto di sella; } f\left(\sqrt{\frac{3}{8}}, \sqrt{\frac{3}{8}}, 0\right) = f\left(-\sqrt{\frac{3}{8}}, -\sqrt{\frac{3}{8}}, 0\right) = -\frac{9}{16} \text{ minimi relativi}$$


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$$16. \min_{(x,y) \in C} f(x,y) = -8, \quad \max_{(x,y) \in C} f(x,y) = 8$$